## EXHIBIT A

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Case No. 08-13555

In the Matter of:

LEHMAN BROTHERS HOLDINGS, INC., et al.

Debtors.

United States Bankruptcy Court

One Bowling Green

New York, New York

September 19, 2008

4:36 PM

BEFORE:

HON. JAMES M. PECK

U.S. BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

going to ask that question. So --

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THE COURT: I hate to be that predictable.

MR. MILLER: There is a document -- maybe it'd be better, Your Honor, if we do it orally.

THE COURT: Fine.

MR. MILLER: My partner, Ms. Fife, will do that. And with some assistance from Ms. --

and this is purely technical. During the first phase of the hearing, I was told that those people who are listening in spillover courtrooms had a very hard time hearing me. I'm having some difficulty as compared with our last hearing with the amplification coming out of the podium. And I just want to make sure that we're not suffering system overload. Okay. That's on. And let me also make the announcement, whenever anyone speaks for the record, this is always true here, but given the number of people, please identify yourself before speaking.

MS. FIFE: Thank you, Your Honor. Lori Fife from Weil Gotshal & Manges on behalf of the debtors. Let me try to summarize the changes that were made to the transaction. In terms of the economic changes, they result largely because of the markets, unfortunately. And from the time that the transaction was actually entered into till now, the markets dropped and the value of the securities dropped as well.

So, originally, we were selling assets that had a value of seventy -- approximately seventy billion dollars. And today, Your Honor, we're only selling assets that have a value of 47.4 billion dollars.

Barclays is assuming liabilities, however, of 45.5 billion dollars in connection with those assets. So that has not changed from the original transaction. There was an upside sharing in the original transaction. There was going to be a true-up twelve months later on and that has been eliminated from this transaction.

Barclays is still agreeing to pay the cure amounts on any leases that it assumes or that we assume and assign to it.

Barclays is also agreeing to the same employee compensation arrangements. And it is also agreeing to pay the 250 million dollars of goodwill to LBI.

With respect to the real estate assets, Your Honor, that was -- we had said at the last hearing, I believe, it was approximately a billion dollars. Since that time, an appraisal has come in and it is below that amount. The contact had a provision which allowed the purchaser really to purchase the building at the appraised amount. So we have some negotiations to go, but I believe that the purchase price will come down by approximately a hundred million dollars.

There were two other real estate properties also which we received appraisals for which, similarly, were lower

spigots get turned on and off and how the pipeline is filled and then emptied. So each day -- there are several different clearinghouses. And each day the trades are matches and then either a net number goes to Lehman or from Lehman to DTC or any of its clearing companies. There was a depository that holds all of the securities. The residential mortgages that you've heard about that were going to be split fifty/fifty are in the DTC registry. We hold them now. They are there. Originally, the idea for the original transaction was to split those fifty/fifty between Barclays and the estate. But in order to facilitate the settlement of these accounts, the additional fifty percent was needed so that DTC would not be at risk for the settlement. So the --

THE COURT: So this modification principally is for the benefit of your client?

MR. HIRSHON: Correct. And for the transaction, because without it trading would have stopped. There would be no business to sell because there would have been no -- no trades cleared today. So it was to facilitate the transaction as a friend to the transaction that this was done so that the business continues to operate today. Now, the arrangement is that the whole six billion dollars of residential mortgages will be there and subject to settlement. But the anticipation is that once all these claims settle, the trades that are from Wednesday through Monday settle, there will not be a need for

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all of that collateral. So what the amendment to the APA says is that the fifty percent will be returned, as long as it's there. If something really terrible happens in the world and the settlements don't work and we have to use that collateral, then there will be nothing to return. But the anticipation is that if the world remains somewhat stable that the fifty percent that was now transferred to Barclays will be transferred back to Lehman. That is the expectation.

THE COURT: All right. I appreciate that explanation.

One comment before you continue, Ms. Fife. I'm just once again hearing the Geiger counter. And we are connected to two extra courtrooms and I know that there are people participating at various occasions by telephone through CourtCall. And I'm hearing increased static on the line. So, I'm just going to request everybody who is participating in this hearing, whether by telephone or in person, who has an electronic device to shut it off. And if you're on the phone, since you're just listening, please mute your phone.

MS. FIFE: Thank you, Your Honor. I'll continue going through some of the changes, if that's okay. There was a provision in a deal originally which required the debtors to transfer 700 million dollars in cash to Barclays. And that is no longer the case. There's no cash that's being transferred to Barclays.

case to protect the public customers and ensure stability and preservation of customer interests. Their actions are to be commended, Your Honor. And I believe, Your Honor, that the SIPC proceeding has been referred, I hope, to Your Honor.

THE COURT: I've seen Judge Lynch's order. I have a certified copy of it and the order includes a decretal paragraph removing those proceedings to this court. I'm satisfied that the seal is in fact genuine and I'm prepared to proceed with full authority.

MR. MILLER: And, Your Honor, Mr. Giddens is here with Mr. Kevin (sic) Caputo from SIPC and the president of SIPC, Your Honor, Mr. Stephen Harbeck who's sitting in the jury box.

THE COURT: Gentlemen, welcome.

MR. GIDDENS: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. MILLER: Barclays, Your Honor, has extended the sale to enable this extraordinary transaction and hopefully to be consummated. Yesterday, as Your Honor has heard, Barclays basically stepped into the shoes of the Federal Reserve in connection with the Primary Dealer Credit Facility as to the 45.5 billion dollars Lehman borrowed last Monday and received the collateral that Lehman had posted in connection therewith.

Because of the circumstances this week, Your Honor, the operations of LBI have resulted in approximately 300,000 sales, which is very significant. In addition, Your Honor,

they're not affirmatively -- I think not affirmatively going to stand up and say --

MR. DESPINS: Why don't I address that, Your Honor?

MR. MILLER: Sure.

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THE COURT: I think that would be helpful.

MR. MILLER: Don't change your position.

MR. DESPINS: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Despins with Milbank Tweed, proposed counsel for the committee. I'm here with my partners, Paul Aronson and Dennis Dunne. headline is we are not objecting, Your Honor, but although we'll have some minor comments to the form of order, which we don't need to detain the court order at this point. And the reason we're not objecting is really based on the lack of a viable alternative. And, Your Honor, we're still a little bit puzzled by the statement by Mr. Miller that we're not affirmatively supporting. And that's correct. We're not affirmatively supporting the transaction, Your Honor, because there has been insufficient time for us to really do all the due diligence that we would feel should be done to take that next step of saying yes, this is the best deal and we're supportive actively. We've met with the debtor. They've been very cooperative. I don't want to imply that they have not been but we have not had time to test the assumptions and do all the due diligence we would normally do. So that is, Your Honor, the distinction.